
***West Point Derivatives Limited – in
Administration***

Remuneration Report: Initial Information to
Creditors including Fees Estimate

25 January 2017



Table of Contents

1. Abbreviations and definitions	2
2. Background.....	3
2.1. Purpose of this initial advice to creditors	3
2.2. Action required by you	3
2.3. How fees are calculated.....	3
3. Progress of the Administration	5
3.1. Summary of progress in the administration	5
4. Our fees estimate	6
4.1. Summary	6
4.2. Work we propose to undertake.....	6
4.3. Our time charging policy and hourly rates	8
4.4. Further approval.....	9
5. Expenses	10
5.1. What is a disbursement?	10
5.2. Our expenses estimate.....	10
6. Professionals and subcontractors	12
7. Notes and assumptions	13
7.1. Fees estimate	13
7.2. Expenses.....	13
7.3. Associates	13
8. Pre-Administration costs	14
9. Receipts and payments	15

1. Abbreviations and definitions

The following table shows the abbreviations and insolvency terms that may be used during this report:

Abbreviation or definition	Meaning
Company	West Point Derivatives Limited
Firm	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Group	Solo Group (Holdings) Limited, Solo Group Services Limited, Solo Capital Partners LLP, Old Park Lane Capital Limited, West Point Derivatives Limited and Telesto Markets LLP
IA86	Insolvency Act 1986
IR86	Insolvency Rules 1986
Preferential creditors	Claims for unpaid wages earned in the four months before the insolvency up to £800, holiday pay and unpaid pension contributions in certain circumstances
Prescribed part	The amount set aside for unsecured creditors from floating charge funds in accordance with Section 176A IA86 and the Insolvency Act 1986 (Prescribed Part) Order 2003
Proposals	The Administrators' proposals for achieving the purpose of administration
Secured creditors	Creditors with security in respect of their debt, in accordance with Section 248 IA86
SIP	Statement of Insolvency Practice (issued by regulatory authorities, setting out principles and key compliance standards with which insolvency practitioners are required to comply)
The Administrators	Douglas Nigel Rackham and Michael John Andrew Jervis
Unsecured creditors	Creditors who are neither secured nor preferential

Douglas Nigel Rackham and Michael John Andrew Jervis have been appointed as Joint Administrators of West Point Derivatives Limited to manage its affairs, business and property as its agents and act without personal liability.

Douglas Nigel Rackham and Michael John Andrew Jervis are licensed in the United Kingdom to act as insolvency practitioners by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. The Joint Administrators are bound by the Insolvency Code of Ethics which can be found at: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/insolvency-practitioner-code-of-ethics>

The Joint Administrators are Data Controllers of personal data as defined by the Data Protection Act 1998. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will act as Data Processor on their instructions. Personal data will be kept secure and processed only for matters relating to the Administration.

2. Background

2.1. Purpose of this initial advice to creditors

If a company or individual is facing financial difficulty it may enter a formal insolvency process under the control of an independent external person (an insolvency practitioner). The costs of the proceedings are paid out of the assets of the company or the individual's estate and include the insolvency practitioner's remuneration, which in this case would be our fees for acting as Administrators.

We must seek approval to the basis of our remuneration before it is paid and provide the fee approving body with sufficient information for it to make a decision. Insolvency law determines who the fee approving body is (and it depends on the circumstances of the case), but it's usually those creditors who have a direct interest in the amount paid because it impacts on how much those creditors recover.

Changes to insolvency legislation on 1 October 2015 also now require us to give all known creditors details of the work we expect to carry out during the case and the expenses that are likely to be incurred. Also, if our fees are proposed to include remuneration calculated on a time costs basis, we must provide an estimate of those fees. This report provides all this information and details of where further information can be obtained.

2.2. Action required by you

At this time, we are not able to provide a reliable estimate of the level of the distribution to creditors, if any, which will be dependent on the final level of recoveries as well as the total amount owed to creditors. We are not aware of any secured or preferential creditors.

We caution creditors against using data in this report as a basis for estimating the value of their claims or their likely eventual entitlement to payment from the Company's assets. The Administrators, their firm, its members, partners and staff and advisers accept no liability to any party for any reliance placed upon this report.

We have stated in our proposals that there are no secured or preferential creditors of the Company. Therefore, where no committee is appointed, the unsecured creditors have the responsibility for fixing the basis of our fees and approving Category 2 disbursements (as defined in Section 5.1). Please read this Remuneration Report carefully before voting on the basis of our fees and disbursements.

Creditors' rights

You can find information on Administrators' fees and your rights at:

www.icaew.com/~media/corporate/files/technical/insolvency/creditors%20guides/2015/guide_to_administrators_fees_oct_2015.ashx

2.3. How fees are calculated

Insolvency law currently allows fees to be calculated in three ways:

- As a percentage of the value of the property which we deal with (often referred to as a "percentage basis");
- By reference to the time properly given by us and our staff attending to the matters arising ("time costs basis"); or
- A set amount (a "fixed fee").

The basis of our fees can be a combination of the above and different bases can be used for different parts of our work. The fee approving body decides which basis (or combination of bases) should be used to calculate fees, once it is satisfied that the fee basis proposed represents the most appropriate mechanism in the circumstances of the case.

In this case we are proposing that our remuneration is approved on a time costs basis, for the following reasons:

- It ensures that creditors are only charged for work that is performed;
- We are required to perform a number of tasks which do not relate to the realisation of assets (for example: reporting to creditors, investigating the conduct of the directors and distributing surplus funds, if any); and
- We are unable to estimate with certainty the total amount of fees necessary to complete all tasks required in the Administration.

In section 4, we include details of our fees estimate.

3. Progress of the Administration

3.1. Summary of progress in the administration

On 14 November 2016 we set out and published our Proposals. Since that date, our Proposals for achieving the purpose of the Administration were approved at a creditors' meeting held by correspondence and we have completed our post meeting statutory obligations. We have also discharged our duties in relation to the Company Directors Disqualification Act.

In our Proposals we explained that the Group became subject to criminal and regulatory investigations, both in the UK and abroad, in 2015. Owing to these ongoing investigations, we are limited to the level of information we are able to provide in this document.

Prior to our appointment, the Company moved cash through a number of bank accounts including between other companies within the Group. The cash comprises the main asset of the Company and we are seeking to trace and recover this cash for the benefit of creditors. This is a complex matter and will also require us to obtain legal advice. The funds may be trapped due to the investigations referred to above and legal action may be required to secure any recovery.

4. Our fees estimate

4.1. Summary

This section provides the following information:

- Details of the work we propose to undertake;
- The time we estimate each part of the work will take overall and has taken so far; and
- The hourly rates we propose to charge for each part of that work.

The total amount of our fees estimate is £145,129.65. The following tables summarise our estimated and actual time costs and provide more detail on each area of work. Time costs are shown at the hourly rates set out later. This fees estimate covers the period of the Administration to its conclusion.

We haven't included an estimate of our fees and the expenses for any subsequent liquidation.

Table 1 – Time costs - Overall estimate and to 31.12.16

Category of work	Overall Estimate			Up to 31.12.16		
	Hours	Cost (£)	Average hourly rate (£/hour)	Hours	Cost (£)	Average hourly rate (£/hour)
Assets	19.45	8,626.50	443.52	0.75	233.50	311.33
Creditors	14.45	4,468.75	309.26	6.10	1,250.15	204.94
Investigations	10.80	4,011.00	371.39	4.75	1,778.00	374.32
Statutory and compliance	56.10	18,910.70	337.09	45.00	14,750.50	327.79
Tax	31.45	15,415.75	490.17	0.65	191.75	295.00
VAT	30.10	14,374.00	477.54	0.40	118.00	295.00
Administration	90.25	39,323.65	435.72	8.40	3,294.25	392.18
Reporting	84.20	32,788.80	389.42	18.55	8,360.00	450.67
Distributions	17.75	7,210.50	406.23	-	-	-
Total hours and fees estimate	354.55	145,129.65	409.33	84.60	29,976.15	354.33

Our total remuneration cannot exceed the total amount of this fees estimate without prior consent from the fee approving body.

4.2. Work we propose to undertake

The following table provides details of the work we propose to do (indicated by →), have already done (✓) or which is in progress (□). It provides a brief summary for each category rather than an exhaustive list of all possible tasks. The fees estimate for each category is shown on the previous table, together with costs incurred to 31 December 2016.

Table 2 – Work we propose to do

Category of work	General description	Work included
Assets	Cash at bank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requesting copies of bank statements to trace the movement of client monies <input type="checkbox"/> • Tracing movement of client monies and identifying location of assets <input type="checkbox"/> • Instructing and liaising with solicitors regarding criminal and regulatory investigations <input type="checkbox"/>
Creditors	Creditor enquiries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting up a dedicated website for delivery of initial and ongoing communications and reports ✓ • Receiving and following up creditor enquiries via telephone, email and post <input type="checkbox"/> • Updating website with reports and information for creditors <input type="checkbox"/> • Reviewing and preparing correspondence to creditors and their representatives <input type="checkbox"/> • Receiving and filing proofs of debt when not related to a dividend <input type="checkbox"/>
Investigations	Conducting investigations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collecting company books and records where related to investigatory work ✓ • Reviewing books and records <input type="checkbox"/> • Reviewing specific transactions and liaising with directors regarding certain transactions <input type="checkbox"/> • Preparing investigation file and lodging findings with the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills ✓
Statutory and compliance	Initial letters and notifications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparing and issuing all necessary initial letters and notices regarding the administration and our appointment ✓
	Case reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conducting case reviews after the first month, then every six months after the first month <input type="checkbox"/>
	Proposals and initial meeting of creditors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drafting and reviewing a statement of proposals to creditors including statutory information. ✓ • Circulating notice of the proposals to creditors, members and the Registrar of Companies. ✓ • Preparing meeting notices, proxies and advertisements ✓ • Preparing meeting file, including agenda, attendance register and copy documents ✓ • Making arrangements for the meeting and attending it ✓ • Preparing minutes of meeting and issuing a report on the outcome to creditors ✓
	Books and records	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collecting company books and records where not related to investigatory work ✓ • Dealing with records in storage <input type="checkbox"/> • Sending job files to storage →
	Other statutory and compliance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Filing of documents <input type="checkbox"/> • Updating checklists and diary management system <input type="checkbox"/>
Tax & VAT	Tax	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gathering information for the initial tax review ✓ • Carrying out tax review and subsequent enquiries ✓ • Preparing tax computations → • Liaising with HMRC <input type="checkbox"/> • Submitting corporation tax returns →
	VAT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gathering information for the initial VAT review <input type="checkbox"/> • Initial notification as proper officer for tax ✓ • Carrying out VAT review and subsequent enquiries <input type="checkbox"/> • Preparing and submitting VAT returns →

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Liaising with HMRC <input type="checkbox"/> • De-registration <input type="checkbox"/>
Administration	Strategy and planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completing tasks relating to job acceptance ✓ • Preparing fee budgets & monitoring cost <input type="checkbox"/> • Holding team meetings not relating to trading and discussions regarding status of administration <input type="checkbox"/>
	Accounting and treasury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opening and closing bank accounts and arranging facilities ✓ • Dealing with receipts, payments and journals not relating to trading <input type="checkbox"/> • Carrying out bank reconciliations and managing investment of funds <input type="checkbox"/> • Corresponding with bank regarding specific transfers <input type="checkbox"/>
	Closure procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Withdrawing undertakings not relating to trading and obtaining clearances from third parties → • Completing checklists and diary management system → • Closing down internal systems → • Discharge from liability →
Reporting	Remuneration report	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparing and circulating to creditors a report giving details of the work we expect to carry out during the case, our fees estimate and the expenses that are likely to be incurred <input type="checkbox"/> • Convening meetings for resolutions to be considered / issuing resolutions to be considered at the meeting of creditors <input type="checkbox"/>
	Progress reports and extensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preparing and issuing periodic progress reports to creditors and the Registrar → • Making applications to creditors or court for the extension of the Administration and filing relevant notices →
Distributions	Unsecured claims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dealing with proofs of debt for dividend purposes <input type="checkbox"/> • Preparing correspondence to potential creditors inviting lodgment of proof of debt <input type="checkbox"/> • Receiving proofs of debt and maintaining register <input type="checkbox"/> • Adjudicating claims, including requesting further information from claimants → • Preparing correspondence to claimant advising outcome of adjudication and advising of intention to declare dividend → • Advertising intention to declare dividend → • Calculating dividend rate and preparing dividend file → • Preparing correspondence to creditors announcing declaration of dividend → • Preparing and paying distribution →

Included in the above table are tasks that we must perform that may not necessarily benefit creditors financially: Creditors, Investigations, Statutory and compliance, Tax & VAT and Administration. These typically relate to fulfilling obligations imposed by statute or regulatory bodies.

4.3. Our time charging policy and hourly rates

The time we charge to the Administration is by reference to the time properly given by our staff and us in attending to matters arising.

It is our policy to delegate tasks to appropriate members of staff considering their level of experience and any requisite specialist knowledge, supervised accordingly, so as to maximise the cost effectiveness of the work

performed. Matters of particular complexity or significance requiring more exceptional responsibility are dealt with by senior staff or the Administrators personally.

Set out below are the relevant maximum charge-out rates per hour worked for the grades of staff actually, or likely to be, involved on this assignment. All staff who work on this assignment (including cashiers, support and secretarial staff) charge time directly to the assignment and are included within any analysis of time charged. Time is charged by reference to actual work carried out on the assignment in six minute units. The minimum time charged is three minutes (i.e. 0.05 units). There has been/will be no allocation of any general costs or overhead costs. These rates will apply to each part of our work.

Specialist departments with our firm, such as Tax, VAT, Property and Pensions are also used where their expert advice and services are required. Such specialist rates do vary but the figures below provide an indication of the maximum rate per hour.

Table 3 – Charge-out rates

<i>Grade</i>	<i>Maximum rate per hour (£)</i>	<i>Specialist maximum rate per hour (£)</i>
Partner	840	1,190
Director	740	1,115
Senior Manager	560	1,110
Manager	480	665
Senior Associate	400	490
Associate	250	240
Support staff	125	140

In common with all professional firms, hourly rates increase from time to time over the period of the Administration (for example to cover annual inflationary cost increases). Any material amendments to these rates will be advised to the fee approving body when seeking fee approval, and to creditors in our next statutory report.

4.4. Further approval

If the necessary work exceeds (or is likely to exceed) that included in the fees estimate, we can seek consent, usually from the fee approving body, for our fees to exceed the fees estimate.

Our fees estimate is based on a number of assumptions, which are explained in Section 7. In broad terms and in our experience, the key issues likely to affect the level of costs are the:

- availability and quality of the books and records;
- level of co-operation received, for example: from employees, and continuity of key staff;
- support from external stakeholders, including landlords and suppliers; and
- any changes to our strategy that might be necessary as a result of the above.

In our periodic progress reports, we will keep creditors updated on how our costs are comparing to the fees estimate. If costs are likely to exceed this fees estimate we will need further approval to draw those costs as fees.

5. Expenses

5.1. What is a disbursement?

Expenses are defined in SIP9 as amounts properly payable by the office holder from the estate which are not a distribution to creditors. These include disbursements, which are expenses met by and reimbursed to an office holder in connection with an insolvency appointment. They fall into two categories: Category 1 and Category 2:

Disbursement	SIP9 definition
Category 1	Payments to independent third parties where there is specific expenditure directly referable to the appointment in question.
Category 2	Costs that are directly referable to the appointment in question but not to a payment to an independent third party. They may include shared or allocated costs that may be incurred by the office holder or their firm, and that can be allocated to the appointment on a proper and reasonable basis.

Our firm's disbursements policy allows for all properly incurred expenses to be recharged to the case. We don't need approval from creditors to draw Category 1 disbursements as these have all been provided by third parties, but we do need approval to draw Category 2 disbursements as these are for services provided by our firm. The body of creditors who approve our fees also have responsibility for agreeing the policies for the payment of Category 2 disbursements, which in this case are as follows:

Photocopying At 12 pence per sheet copied, only charged for circulars to creditors and other bulk copying.

Mileage At a maximum of 71 pence per mile (up to 2,000cc) or 93 pence per mile (over 2,000cc).

5.2. Our expenses estimate

The following table shows expenses incurred to 31 December 2016 and an estimate of further expenses we consider will be (or are likely to be) incurred.

The total expenses estimate for the case is £249,453.15.

The estimate excludes any potential tax liabilities that may be payable as an expense of the administration in due course because amounts due will depend on the position at the end of the tax accounting period.

Our expenses estimate includes pre-administration costs that (if approved) would be payable as an expense of the administration and which are set out in section 8. Whilst pre-administration costs are subject to approval in the same manner as our remuneration, they do not form part of our remuneration in relation to our work as Administrators following our appointment.

Table 4 – Expenses estimate

<i>Nature of expenses</i>	<i>Incurred to 31.12.16 (£)</i>	<i>Estimate of future expenses (£)</i>	<i>Total estimated expenses (£)</i>
Legal fees and expenses	14,696.59	80,000.00	94,696.59
Office holders' disbursements	295.00	1,000.00	1,295.00
Statutory advertising	105.33	280.88	386.21
Storage costs	-	2,000.00	2,000.00
Printing and postage	454.00	1,327.20	1,781.20
Royal Mail redirection	425.00	-	425.00
Pre-Administration costs	3,739.50	-	3,739.50
Joint Administrators' costs	29,976.15	115,153.50	145,129.65
Total expenses (excluding VAT)	49,691.57	199,761.58	249,453.15

6. Professionals and subcontractors

Below is a list of professionals we have instructed:

Table 5 – Professionals and subcontractors

<i>Service provided</i>	<i>Name of firm</i>	<i>Reason selected</i>	<i>Basis of fees</i>
Legal advice, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• advice to the administrators• recovery of assets	Reed Smith LLP	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Industry knowledge• Insolvency expertise• Knowledge of the company	Time costs and disbursements

We require all third party professionals to submit time costs analyses and narrative in support of invoices rendered.

7. Notes and assumptions

7.1. Fees estimate

- We have assumed the Administration will last no more than two years
- Only one extension will be required to the statutory one year period of the Administration, which can be granted by the appropriate class(es) of creditors
- We have assumed that our hourly charge out rates will increase by up to 3% per year, with increases likely to happen on 1 July of each year

7.2. Expenses

- Legal expenses are based on work completed to date supporting the Administrators and an estimate of work around assisting with investigations, advice on distributions and Administration closure
- Office holder disbursements are based on actual costs incurred to support the Administration period with an estimate of consumption for the period to closure

7.3. Associates

The Administrators have no business or personal relationships with parties responsible for approving remuneration or who provide services to the Administrators in respect of the appointment where the relationship could give rise to a conflict of interest.

8. Pre-Administration costs

At the date of our appointment as Administrators, PwC had outstanding time costs of £22,437 (plus VAT) which was incurred prior to the Group being placed into Administration but with a view to it being so.

It is proposed that PwC's outstanding time costs are apportioned across the various Group companies on an equal basis, being £3,739.50 for the Company.

A summary of the pre-Administration work, both paid and unpaid, undertaken by PwC and its legal advisors includes the following:

- Consideration of key practical issues to be addressed on entering Administration;
- Undertaking preparatory work in order to facilitate the Administration of the Group;
- Obtaining and discussing legal advice in relation to the appointments;
- Reviewing draft appointment documents and associated paperwork; and
- Planning work in relation to the Administration appointments including internal compliance and risk procedures and all necessary steps to be able to provide the statutory confirmation that the objectives of the Administrations were reasonably likely to be achieved.

This work was carried out to ensure the Group companies properly entered into Administration and to consider, in advance of the appointments, a strategy for achieving the Administration objectives. In this way, the pre-appointment work will contribute to the eventual achievement of the purpose of the Administration.

9. Receipts and payments

There have been no receipts or payments for the period 22 September 2016 to 31 December 2016.